



North East Essex Clinical Commissioning Group

This Patient Group Direction (PGD) must only be used by registered health professionals who have been named and authorised by their organisation to practice under it. The most recent signed final version of the PGD should be used as indicated by the validity dates below.

Patient Group Direction

For the supply of:

Doxycycline Capsules 100mg

By registered Pharmacists working in participating North East Essex community pharmacies

Condition/situation/patient group:

For treatment of infective exacerbations of Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) in accordance with the NEECCG patient pathway

Version number: 1

Valid from: 1st February 2018



Change history

Version number	Change details	Date
1	Original document	23.1.18

PGD authorisation

Name	Job title and organisation	Signature	Date
Doctor Dr Hasan Chowan	North East Essex CCG Chairman	C.	6.2.18
Carol Sampson	North East Essex CCG Senior Pharmacist	CASoup	6.2.18.
CCG Clinical Governance Lisa Llewelyn	Director of Nursing & Clinical Quality	Lisa Lewelyn	6/2/18

Training and competency of registered health professionals

	Requirements of registered health professionals working under the PGD	
Qualifications and professional registration	Registered with General Pharmaceutical Council (GPhC)	
Competency assessment	Has a current, valid Centre for Pharmacy Postgraduate Education (CPPE) Declaration of Competence in working with PGDs.	
Ongoing training and competency	 Attended Anaphylaxis and Basic Life Support training yearly Attended a PGD training session and 3 yearly update Trained and assessed in using the local antibiotic guidelines 	

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Clinical condition or			
situation to which	Two or more of the following three symptoms-		
this PGD applies	increased sputum, increased breathlessness,		
	increased purulence AND patient recognises the		
	symptoms of an acute exacerbation of COPD		
Inclusion criteria	 Patients over 18 years old 		
	 Confirmed diagnosis of COPD, with a written 		
	management plan available to the community		
	pharmacist, which includes antibiotic therapy to		
	manage exacerbations.		
	 Confirmed diagnosis of COPD, with no written 		
	management plan available to the community		
	pharmacist, but a supply of a rescue pack made		
	in the preceding six months		
	 Patient allergic to penicillins, cephalosporins or 		
	carbapenems		
	 Valid consent obtained and documented 		
	 No current supply of Doxycline available to the 		
	patient		
	Confirmation of previous prescription is		
	confirmed by the pharmacy Patient Medication		
Record, the Summary Care Record			
	legitimate access to prescribing records.		
Exclusion criteria –	COPD diagnosis uncertain		
refer as per pathway	Management plan does not allow the use of a		
	rescue pack		
	 Management plan not in place <u>and</u> the patient 		
	has not had a supply of a rescue pack in the		
	last three months		
	More than TWO supplies in the previous		
	TWELVE months, or last supply less than		
	FOUR weeks ago		
	Patient currently ill, and symptoms are not		
	typical of COPD exacerbation.		
	Hypersensitivity to Doxycycline or other Takes well as a		
	Tetracyclines.		
	Hypersensitivity to any excipients		
	Pregnancy or breast feeding mothers		
	Patients already receiving antibiotics,		
Ciclosporin, oral retinoids			
	Myasthenia Gravis (QLE)		
	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE)		
Version number: 1	Significant and unstable co-morbidities		
	Patients with hereditary problems of galactose		
	intolerance, the Lapp lactase deficiency or		

S	glucose-galactose malabsorptionImmunocompromised patientsNo valid consent	
Cautions (including any relevant action to be taken)	 Warfarin; There have been reports of prolonged prothrombin time in patients taking doxycycline. Patients should be advised to contact their practice as soon as possible for INR monitoring Photosensitivity; Patients should be advised to avoid prolonged exposure to bright light (sunlight or sun lamps) while taking these drugs. Where appropriate and if the patient meets the criteria prednisolone may be supplied under the current PGD 	
Arrangements for referral for medical advice	 Patient has symptoms of an exacerbation; refer to ACE community COPD team if patient is known to this service or to their GP/OOH provider if patient not known to the COPD team. The patient should be advised to contact the COPD team/GP whilst still in the pharmacy so input can be given as necessary. Where the patient is in acute respiratory distress and treatment is urgently required refer to A&E via 999 If patient is not currently unwell and does not have a management plan suggest this is discussed with their GP/respiratory specialist nurse at their next review. Should there be any concerns relating to vulnerable adults, adhere to Safeguarding Adults Policy and Procedure. Should there be any concerns regarding safeguarding consult a member of the organisations safeguarding team to discuss 	
Action to be taken if patient excluded • Document in patient's record the reason exclusion and any further advice given		
Action to be taken if patient declines treatment	 Advise patient about the implications of declining treatment. Advise patient to seek advice from GP or alternative e.g. ACE community COPD team if appropriate Document in patient's record reasons for patient declining treatment and advice given Mental Capacity Act - should the healthcare 	

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professional think that the patient, parent/legal guardian who is giving consent, is unable to deliberate sufficiently with regard to the information they have been given, then the Mental Capacity Act should be followed(Mental Capacity Act 2005 code of practice

Name, form and strength of medicine	Doxycycline 100mg capsules	
Legal category	POM	
Indicate any off-label use (if relevant)	The recommended doses and periods of treatment are as specified in current NEE CCG antibiotic guidelines based on HPA advice and may be at variance from the manufacturer's SPC	
Route/method of administration	Oral	
Dose and frequency	Doxycycline Caps 100mg; Take TWO capsules on day one then ONE a day for FOUR further days (FIVE day course in total)	
Quantity to be supplied	SIX Capsules to be supplied labelled with patient name, date of supply, full directions for use and cautionary labels as appropriate	
Adverse effects	 Allergy/Anaphylaxis Abdominal pain Nausea Vomiting Diarrhoea Rashes Headache Joint pain Muscle pain Tinnitus 	
	A full list of potential adverse effects is provided in the patient information leaflet Report adverse reactions to the MHRA using the Yellow Card system found at: https://yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk	

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Records to be kept	Record in patients' record on PharmOutcomes date and time of supply and/or administration • patient details, such as name, date of birth, allergies, previous adverse events and how the patient met the criteria of the PGD • details of medicine, such as name, strength, dose, frequency, quantity, route of administration; • a statement that supply or administration is by using a PGD • name of the health professional administering or supplying the medicine • relevant information that was provided to the patient or their carer • whether patient consent to treatment was obtained
Patient information Written information to be given to patient	Ensure that the Manufacturer's patient information leaflet is available & offered
or carer Follow-up advice to be given to patient or carer	 Explain treatment, side effects, course of treatment Take at regular intervals and complete course. Capsules should be swallowed whole and taken during meals with plenty of fluid whilst sitting upright or standing. The absorption of doxycycline may be impaired by concurrently administered antacids containing aluminium, calcium, magnesium or other drugs containing these cations; oral zinc, iron salts or bismuth preparations. Dosages should be maximally separated. Seek further medical advice if side effects occur (nausea and vomiting, severe diarrhoea) Seek further medical advice if symptoms do not improve within 72 hours If rash develops, discontinue treatment and seek further medical advice. Patient or carer to be advised to discard any residual medication

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Appendix A Key references

1. Summary of Product Characteristics, online access

https://www.medicines.org.uk/emc/product/5778

Please note that various manufacturers have their SPCs for each preparation which may vary slightly from the example linked

2. North East Essex CCG Management of infections in primary care, online access

http://www.neessexccg.nhs.uk/uploads/files/Infection%20management%20for%20primary%20care%20Oct%202017%20updating%20for%20chairperson%20action.pdf

3. Current BNF

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Appendix B Health professionals' agreement to practise

I have read and understood the Patient Group Direction and agree to supply and/or administer this medicine only in accordance with this PGD.

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	Signature

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